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PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE,

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1780.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY
JOSEPH REED Esquire,
PRESIDENT, *and the* SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL *of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honourable House of Assembly did in their late sessions pass an Act, intitled, "An Act for procuring an immediate supply of provisions for the Fœderal Army, in its present exigency," under which Commissioners were appointed in several counties within this State, to procure cattle, sheep, and salted provisions, with all possible dispatch. And it was declared by the same Act, that it should be lawful for the President or Vice-President in Council, by proclamation, to suspend the several powers and authorities therein granted, when the circumstances of the army should in their judgment admit thereof AND WHEREAS the supplies of the above articles are now sufficiently ample to justify the suspension of the said purchases, and all further proceedings under the said Act, at this time. Whereupon, in pursuance of the powers so vested in us, we have thought proper to issue this our proclamation, for the purpose aforesaid, to which the said Commissioners, and all others concerned, are required to conform and govern themselves accordingly.—And We do further require the said Commissioners, with all convenient speed, to make report of the purchases by them made under the said Act, and to return to the Secretary of our Supreme Council the ungranted Certificates remaining in their hands.

GIVEN, by order of the Council, under the hand of His Excellency JOSEPH REED *Esquire, President, and the seal of the State at* Philadelphia, *this fifth day of* July, *in the year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty.*

JOSEPH REED, *President.*

Attest. T. MATLACK, *Secretary.*

GOD save the PEOPLE.

A List of LETTERS remaining in the General Post-Office, Philadelphia, July 5, 1780.

CAPTAIN John Allibone, John Ackroyd, Capt. Philip Amiel (4) Hannah Alison, Elizabeth Anderson, Robert Acorn, Robert Anderson, Monsr. Arecot, Monsr. Abeit (2) Samuel J. Atlee, Lancaster; Jacob Alter, Reading; Thomas Adam, Little-Canabaga.

B. Hiacinthe Bernard (9) Monsr. Berge, William Bramwell, Capt. Ballesqui (2) Martin Benson, William Brown, Lieutenant Daniel Brown, of the Holker, John Bleakely, Mr. Belzona, Matthew Bodley, Timothy Barret, Elizabeth Brown, Elias Bittner, John Barry (3) Susanna Barton, Mr. Blackiston, Jonathan Bunall, James Bradford, William Bradford, jun. Isaac Barnes, Bucks County.

C. Capt. James Clifton, Stephen Collins, James Cochran, Nathan Cooke (2) Mary Cline, Monsr. Henry Chevallier, James Cannon, Sarah Collins, Catherine Coleman, Timothy Coffin (2) Thomas Cerryl, David Clamone, John Cox, John Collins, Joseph Cruckshank, John Campbell, Capt. Samuel Corry, Capt. Compar, Mr. Chapman, Col. George Croghan, Lancaster; John Clarke, Mountholly.

D. Mr. Daymond, Monsr. David, John Drinker, Elizabeth Deverell, Thomas Doyle, Fanny Doyle, Monsr. Dinne, Capt. Ephraim Doane, Capt. Alexander Dyar, Mr. Doudle, York.

E. Thomas Emerson, Abraham Edwards, Confederacy; Josiah Edes, Samuel Eastings, Caleb Emlen.

F. Joseph Fox, Captain Gerrald Forrester, James Farmer, Nancy Feltman, Mr De la Forest, Major Henry Fisher, Lewis-Town; Thomas French (2) Woodberry.

G. Lewis Grant (3) Dr. Glentworth, Isaac Gray, Mr. Guerin, Alice Green, Capt. Moses Griffing, Charles Gribble, John Gallowed.

H. Jacob Hinkle, Captain George Hunter, Benjamin Hichborn, Margaret Henderson, Sarah Hubbs, Levi Adams, Captain Francis Hodgson, Captain Stephen Hills, Dr. Harnot, John Hay, Joseph Hague, Capt. William Hardy, Sarah Home, William Haslet, Chester county; Reading Howell, Downing-Town; Benjamin Harvey, Susquehanna.

J. Samuel Jefferys, John Jervis, Griffith Jones, Lownam Johnson, Lancaster.

K. William King, Barnet D'Klyne, Mark Karswill, William Kellso, jun. Paxton; Sarah Keasby, Salem.

L. John Long (2) Capt. Lee, Mrs. Landry, Thomas Leister, Capt. Thomas Lee, Monsr. La Borde, Joseph Locus, White Marsh; Tacey Locus, ditto; Nathan Levering, Roxborough; James Logan, Northampton.

M. Francis Murry, George Morrison, John M'Fatrick, Horatio Marburry, Dr. Montgomery, John Martin, Mrs. M'Alpine, John Motley, William Miller, The Rev. Alexander M'Dowell, Capt. Samuel Morris, John Merchant, Rev. Robert Molyneux, John M'Carthy, Richard Mills, Captain Alexander Mackay, John Merrow, Archibald M'Call (2) Calix M'Cartney, Betsey Maclean, Edmund Maw, Henry Morgue, David Mansfield, George Miller, Robert Montgomery, Chester; James Mouatt, Oxford; Col. John M'Gee, Lancaster; Thomas Meroney, ditto; John Morris, Reading.

N. John Nersely, Lancaster.

O. John Ord, Capt. Henry O'Hara, Col. Bodo Otto, jun. Gloucester.

P. Capt. Timothy Pierce, Joseph Pennel, Peter Paris, John Pearson, Richard Price, William Pinchon, Joseph P. Palmer, Germantown; William Plunket, Lancaster; John Parrott, Talbot.

R. Jacob Reinhart, Monsieur Richard, Baron de Reichel (2) Monsr. Ribiere, Monsr. De la Roche, Jacob Rush, Captain James Robertson, William Robinson and Son, Ann Rogers (3) Mr. Rey, Jacob Rabott, Col. La Royerie, Christian Riffett, John Rinn, Chester county; Col. George Ross, Lancaster; James Russel, Gloucester.

S. Thomas Shields, Richard Skinner, Elizabeth Sawyer, Col. Archibald Steel (2) Capt. Samuel Spencer, The Rev. William Smith, Maria Schenck (2) The Rev. Daniel Shadrack, Robert Smith, Jacob Schriner, The Rev. James Sproat, Joseph Spencer, Peter Sutter, Thomas Steans, Joseph Shoemaker, Capt. George Stewart, Capt. John Stout, John Seagrove, Alexander Steel (2) William Sewell, Capt. Jeremiah Simmons, Philip Shilling, Jacob L. Sweiler (2) Mr. Strickland, Biberry; Robert Smith, Uwchland; Samuel Sarjant, Carlisle

T. Madam Thoma, John Templeman (4) Capt. John Tanner, Joseph Taylor, William Tanner, Andrew Ten Eyck, William Turpin, John Tolbert, William Trickett, Charles Thompson.

V. Rev. William Van Horn.

W. Tacey Wallace, Mrs. Wirt, Robert Weakes, George White, James Whit-head, Robert Wright, Capt. Amos Wilkinson, James Wilson, John Woodside, Benjamin Wright Capt. James Wishart, Richard Wells, Jane Wright, Isaac Wendell (2) Henry Williams, Nicholas Weler, Capt. William Walker, Capt. John Walk, John Woodrow, Bucks County.

Y. Capt. Samuel Young, William Young, John Young, Capt. John Young.

Messieurs HALL & SELLERS,

BY an Act of Congress, passed a few days ago, the value of Loan-Office certificates is fixed at the end of every six months, from the 1st of September, 1777, to the 18th of March, 1780. The Loan-Officers in the respective States will be furnished with Tables, shewing the value of Certificates taken out on any day before the 18th of March last; but as there is reason to fear, that there may be designing men ready to take immediate and unjust advantage of the people who hold Certificates of an early date, by purchasing them much below their real worth, I have sent you a table which shews their value in hard money monthly. This, if attended to, will prevent any *great* frauds, and I, therefore, request you will insert it in your paper.

T. G.

Value of One Thousand Continental Dollars *in Specie, on the first day of every month, agreeable to late Resolutions of Congress.*

		Hard Dollars.		*Tenths of a Dol.*
1777.	September 1st,	1000		
	October	911	and	4
	November	828		1
	December	754		8
1778.	January	685		8
	February	623		1
	March	571		4
	April	497		1
	May	434		5
	June	378		0
	July	330		3
	August	287		3
	September	250		1
	October	215		2
	November	183		5
	December	157		7
1779.	January	134		8
	February	115		2
	March	100		0
	April	90		6
	May	82		3
	June	74		5
	July	67		7
	August	61		3
	September	55		5
	October	49		2
	November	43		5
	December	38		6
1780.	January	34		0
	February	30		0
	March	26		8
	March 18th	25		0

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RUN away, on the 8th instant, from the subscriber, living in Coomb's Alley, Philadelphia, an apprentice lad, named Owen O Gublin, near 18 years of age, slender made, with strait black hair; had on, when he went away, a homespun shirt and trowsers, round hat, half worn shoes and brass buckles. Whoever takes up said apprentice, and brings him home to his master, shall have the above reward, paid by

JAMES WORSTALL.

N. B. All Masters of vessels and others, are desired not to harbour or take him away at their peril.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1780.

THE Committee of Public Accounts will attend at the Chamber of Accounts, in the State-House at Philadelphia, from the 21st of August next until the 1st of September, in order to settle the Public Accounts of the State Treasurer, General Loan Office, Light-House rates, Duties of Slaves, Collectors of Excise, State-Island, County Commissioners and Treasurers: The above officers are hereby requested to take notice, and give their attendance with their proper Vouchers and Accounts.

MICHAEL SHUBART,
WILLIAM COATS,
DANIEL HEESTER,
WILLIAM HARRIS,
JAMES JACKS,
JONATHAN HOGE,
SAMUEL DALE,
} Committee of Accounts.

Philadelphia, July 10, 1780.

One Thousand Dollars Reward.

RAN away this morning from the subscriber, a Negroe wench named MARIA, alias AMORITTA; she is about thirty-four years of age, tall and well made, her face long, and features more regular than are common with her colour: She had on, or took with her, a pale blue and white fine short linsey gown and petticoat almost new, a petticoat of green baize, a pair of new high-heeled leather shoes, good shifts of brown homespun linen, and aprons of the same. It is supposed she will endeavour to get into the Jerseys, as she came from thence, and once lived with Mr Thomas Lowrey, of Flemmington; but it is suspected she is now lurking in this city, or concealed by some free negroes.

She also took with her, her female child named JANE, about 4 years old, well made, fat, round faced, and lively: had on, or took with her, a brown homespun frock; also a blue and white linsey frock.

Whoever will deliver the said wench and child to the subscriber in Philadelphia, shall have the above reward.

JOHN DUFFIELD.

N. B All persons are forbid to harbour her at their peril.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1780.

WHEREAS complaint hath been made to the Commissioners for the city and county of Philadelphia, by the Collector of Passyunk township, that he cannot obtain the tax due on a five acre piece of marsh meadow, the property of Edward Chick and others: NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the said Edward Chick his Attorney or Agent, discharge and pay the taxes justly due thereon, within the space of ninety-five days from the date hereof, the premises will be sold, agreeable to an Act of General Assembly, passed the third day of April, 1779.

FRANCIS GURNEY,
PRESLEY BLACKISTON,
} Commissioners.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed from the Cross Keys in Philadelphia, to that noted and commodious dwelling in the borough of Chester, formerly occupied by Mr. David Cowpland (now the sign of the Cross Keys) where he intends carrying on the tavern business as usual, for the reception and entertainment of such gentlemen travellers as may please to favour him with their custom, having furnished himself with a choice stock of Liquors and assiduous attendants; he also flatters himself with the continuance of his former customers, who may rely on receiving every possible attention, from their most obedient humble servant

¶ GEORGE FORSYTH.

WATCH-GLASSES, Main-Springs, Fusee Chains and Hands, by the quantity, to be Sold by JOHN WOOD, Watch-Maker, at his shop in Front-street, at the corner of Chestnut-street, where is done all kinds of CLOCK and WATCH WORK, with care and dispatch. ¶

A YOUNG MAN, who understands Accompts, writes a good Hand, and can be well recommended, is willing to engage as a CLERK. Enquire at Bell's Book-Store, next Door to St. Paul's Church, Third-Street.

WAS taken from the shore, about the 6th of June last, a little above the mouth of Mantua creek, Gloucester county, a large new BATTEAU, pine sides, with two boards near of a width on each side, one pine board in the middle of the bottom, and the rest of the bottom cedar, two of her knees are mulberry, the rest whiteoak, and whiteoak stem. Whoever secures said batteau, so as the owner may get her again, shall receive ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward, paid by JOHN STEPHENS, near the mouth of Mantua creek. ¶

Radnor Township, Chester county, July 10, 1780.

WHEREAS Margaret, the wife of the subscriber, hath absented herself from his house, and refuses to return and live with him; and as he is apprehensive she may run him in debt, he therefore hereby forewarns all persons from trusting her upon his account, as he is determined to pay no debts which she may contract with any person or persons whatever after the date hereof.

¶ JOHN LONG.

From the NEW-JERSEY JOURNAL, *July* 12.

To his Excellency Lieutenant General KNYPHAUSEN, *Commander of a detatchment of the Britiſh army, in the late invaſion of New-Jerſey.*

SIR,

AS a man, a gentleman and a ſoldier, I preſume that a right of addreſſing you, when it is done in truth and decency, cannot be denied me, conſiſtent with the ſuffrages of all nations, however you may differ from me in point of honorary rank, or ſuperior authority.—By the former we are entitled to expect the greateſt propriety in all your proceedings—by the latter, you are certainly accountable, in ſome meaſure, for the conduct of every perſon acting under your influence and that authority.—Your army is either well diſciplined, or it is not—You either command troops who are accuſtomed to implicit obedience, or, by a want of attention to your duty and a neglect of every eſſential that conſtitutes the character of a ſoldier, you have ſuffered a veteran army, committed to your care, to ſink into a vaſt croud of lawleſs banditti.—The laſt you will not—you cannot admit.—I ſhall therefore conſider you in this addreſs as the head of a well diſciplined army, from whom every movement as neceſſarily flows, as the blood from the human heart.

You may perhaps, notwithſtanding all this, at firſt ſight, be ſurpriſed at the freedom of this public addreſs from a ſtranger, whom you have honoured with the appellation of *Rebel*—As ſome apology, however, I beg leave to inform you, that I am juſt returned from tracing that horrid path which you have ſo lately ſtamped with the indelible characters of relentleſs fury, and the moſt timed deveſtation—*Theſe*, not the concomitants of a ſoldier (an honourable character I greatly reſpect) but of a *powerful executioner* of royal malice, deteſted by every friend of mankind.

The funeral of one of the moſt amiable women, whoſe whole life had breathed nothing but benevolence and good will to every human creature, for a while ſuſpended my aſtoniſhment and engaged my attention.—I thought myſelf greatly honoured, by paying her thoſe laſt rights of friendſhip and humanity which you moſt cruelly refuſed her, tho' ſhe fell the victim of your heroiſm, and became the principal trophy of your pompous invaſion.

Your Excellency cannot be ignorant, that the wife of the Revd. Mr. James Caldwell is the worthy lady to whom I refer.—I think her name can never be forgotten by you, but muſt be remembered, with inexpiable anguiſh and miſery, in the laſt agonies of your expiring nature.—I acknowledge Mr. Caldwell was your enemy—he was ſo, candidly, openly and uniformly—as ſuch you had a right to meet him in the field, and to have oppoſed him valiantly in arms; but ſuffer me to aſk your Excellency, did it become the dignified character of a ſoldier, when diſappointed in every other malevolent attempt, to deſcend to the brutal alternative of aſſaſſination.—Aſſaſſination, not of a man, who might poſſibly, in the worſt of circumſtances, have defended himſelf; but of a ſweet, placid, innocent lady, whoſe only ſecurity was a vain and deluſive dependance on the humanity of a relentleſs foe.—Alas! for humanity! The horrid crime is perpetrated, and that by a Britiſh, diſciplined ſoldier, under a veteran General—*purchaſed* from a foreign country by a Britiſh King.

In this act your Excellency has, it is true, moſt ſeverely wounded this gentleman, in the tendereſt part.—You have alſo the conſolation of adding to this valiant deed, not only the depriving of nine ſweet babes of one of the moſt affectionate parents on earth, but you have devoted to the flames and plunder his habitation and property, by which thoſe dear pledges of their mutual affection are turned out, hungry and naked, to the benevolence of their friends.—I doubt not you will deny this charge—nay, I have already ſeen an attempt of this nature by a Britiſh officer, aggravated by the moſt abominable falſehood; but it is on your Excellency, as the commanding officer, which I before obſerved that we have a right to fix this horrid act. I confeſs it is not known to us, that it was perpetrated by your expreſs order, yet it is aſcertained beyond a doubt, by unexceptionable teſtimony, that you ſince knew it was done *deſignedly* by one of your ſoldiers, and it has not yet appeared that you have ſo much as threatened to puniſh the murderer.—Had you reſented the horrid deed, or had ſhe fell by accident, humanity would have dictated ſome reſpect to be ſhewn to the corps of a lady of her invaluable character, and to the two harmleſs infants thereby expoſed amidſt your army. Neither of theſe you did.—That her lifeleſs body did not meet even with inſult is not owing to your delicacy, but to the humanity of two gentlemen not of the army. The deed is therefore your's, and your army's. And that every nation and every age may know it, the faithful page of hiſtory ſhall relate the tranſaction, and the ſame marble which preſents her memory and perpetuates her virtue, ſhall ſo relate the ſtory of her death, as to ſhew Americans in what deteſtation they are to hold the name of *Heſſian*, *Briton*, and *Tory*.

I am informed that you have near five hundred of Mr. Caldwell's manuſcript ſermons in your poſſeſſion, many of which I have heard; to theſe he appeals, read them, conſider them well; who knows but one of theſe rays of chriſtian benevolence and patriotic ſentiment, that breathes through the whole of them, may penetrate your heart, and produce that contrition of ſpirit and unfeigned repentance, which may finally yield you a comfortable hope, which can be produced by no other earthly ſource whatever.

What could be expected by thoſe daily betrayers of your confidence the Tory refugees, the very dregs of mankind, by pointing your malice againſt that gentleman in ſo particular a manner, I cannot conceive. Nothing but ſtupidity, blinded by malice and deſpair, could lead them to think that, in a diſpute like this, any individual is of ſo much importance with us, that his deſtruction ſhould eſſentially affect the common cauſe. No, thank God, our liberties hang not on ſo precarious a prop. Be no longer deceived: Depend upon it, that, however divided about trifles and ceremonies, whenever you make the experiment, you will find us united in the grand eſſential point. Look on the ſands that bind the ocean; if a furious, reſiſtleſs wave ſhould remove one, another inſtantly takes its place; what the ſhore loſes in one part, it gains in another: Attend, and be wiſe.

Your Excellency has now made two expeditions in force into the heart of this country, and what have you gained that I have not mentioned: you have equally immortalized Britiſh cruelty, and the unſhaken united fortitude, as well as the unparalleled bravery of a free people.—You have eraſed, by the moſt wanton deſtruction, not only every Temple of the Living God that came within your reach, but you have deprived upwards of forty families of very valuable dwellings and other improvements, and a much greater number of their perſonal property, to gratify your own and your army's thirſt for plunder. Theſe things we do—we muſt feel; but can you be perſuaded that thereby you cruſh our ſpirits? No, they riſe as far ſuperior to theſe feeble efforts, as your army by theſe means ſink below the character of men and of ſoldiers. That you might have been convinced of the impolicy of your conduct, I ſincerely wiſhed that yourſelf and many of your interior firebrands could have beheld the wives of freemen, in the mountains, viewing their houſes in flames with heroic fortitude, with calm and ever ſmiling countenances, recounting their various reſources for future ſubſiſtance; whilſt their huſbands, rouſed to brave enthuſiaſm, preſſed upon you in battle, and by the quick ſtep of your haſty retreat, more than repaid to theſe American heroines the diſtreſſes of your ſudden ſurpriſe. Did not your judgment deſert you, with your humanity, you would know that by cheapening of life, you abate the fear of death, and thereby make us more perfect ſoldiers. You have now felt our pulſe, and does it not riſe with the more ardent flame of liberty?

A few months ago, when the revolution reſpecting our money was to take place, I had my own fears leſt it might produce an ill timed apathy among our people. Your diſappointed and mortified politicians, as was natural, miſtook this political ague for an apoplectic, and waited the fall of Charleſtown, as the important criſis for producing the laſt ſtruggle.—Under this frenzy they have prevailed upon you to come out. The experiment has happily removed my fears, and I believe began the cure of your madneſs; our misfortunes on one hand, and the cruelty of your army on the other, have raiſed ſuch a ſpirit as has not been lately ſeen in this country; a ſpirit which will no longer tamely bear the Tories and neutrals among ourſelves, no longer bear your inſults with patience. I could wiſh the gentlemen of the Britiſh army to remember they have unguarded towns on the iſland of Great-Britain.—The officers and refugees in your army have wives and children among us. They compliment while they inſult our humanity.

Great Britain is not without her arſenals, her yards and magazines. An Engliſh tongue, habit and manners, may produce more ſpeedy vengeance than addreſſes to your reaſon, or your honour. Remember *John the Painter*, who loſt his houſe and effects at Amboy on the firſt landing of your army, and the deſtruction of the dock-yards at Portſmouth. He was a poor man, without friends, and unaſſiſted by public council or money. I know that you have too much reaſon to laugh at our public appeals to Heaven hitherto, on the ſubject of retaliation---perhaps we now ſuffer deſervedly for ſo baſe a profanation of ſacred things.---Would to God the miſery had fallen on thoſe who are moſt immediately the delinquents, we ſhould not now have had the neceſſity of aſſociating in important bodies for this neceſſary purpoſe. However, you have now had your day, ours may not be far off. We have been now taught to conſider our property as only of preſent utility, and that to ſecure *any*, *all* muſt be at the public ſervice; the next attempt will convince you what the whole perſonal ſtrength of this country, as well as the abundance of its ſupplies, can accompliſh.---By this time you are able to form ſome judgment of your fruitleſs invaſion; ſet down and count the coſt, and from that calculation make an eſtimate of what your requiſitions muſt be to accompliſh the conqueſt of the United States. Be honeſt in your information to your royal maſter, and convince him that neither his avarice, his vanity, nor his obſtinacy, can poſſibly be gratified, even at the expence of his three kingdoms, with the addition of his favourite Hanover into the bargain.

If it has required the loſs of more than four hundred men to make two ſudden and unexpected marches of eight miles into the country, guarded by three or four hundred regular troops in addition to the natural ſtrength of its inhabitants, and to hold this ſpace of country ten or twelve hours at a time, what muſt be your force to make a final conqueſt of fifteen or ſixteen hundred miles, and to preſerve the ſame.---I now leave you to that hour which muſt produce reflection, and to thoſe feelings which the cries of innocent blood, and the remembrance of the blackeſt crimes muſt raiſe; and moſt ſincerely wiſhing that I may ſoon meet you arm to arm, I am your's, &c

A CITIZEN.

Eſſex County, June 27, 1780

BOSTON, *July* 3.

Copy of a letter from Monſieur DE LA TOUCHE, *Commander of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's frigate the Hermoine, to Captain Hawker, of the Britiſh frigate the Iris.*

On board the French frigate, L'Hermoine, June 22.

SIR,

"I read, both with ſurprize and indignation, the account of the action which took place between us the 7th inſt. publiſhed in the New-York paper of the 10th. I cannot imagine that a Commander of his Britannic Majeſty's frigate is ſo loſt to the dignity of his own character, and ſo deſtitute of truth (the foundation of all military virtue) as to have recourſe to the vileſt impoſture, to perſuade the world he had an advantage over an enemy, which himſelf knows he never gained.

"I flatter myſelf that Rivington, the Printer, has, on this occaſion, indulged his natural propenſity of perverting facts and publiſhing falſhood inſtead of truth; ſhould this be the caſe, the aſſertion deſerves only contempt; but I expect from your juſtice, and from your honour, a contradiction of ſo falſe an account as that of my pretended flight, and the appearance of an American frigate at the end of the combat, otherwiſe you muſt be conſidered as the author.

"In the account I have tranſmitted to my Court of this engagement, I did juſtice to the manner in which you met me; I confeſs it was in ſuch a way as merits my eſteem, and I ſhould be exceeding ſorry to be obliged to change my opinion, which I muſt do, if you do not render that juſtice which is my due.

"I intended to attack you, Sir, from the firſt moment I diſcovered you, and bore down on you for that purpoſe: you appeared to me to poſſeſs the ſame ſentiments, as you met me half way. Your conduct, both before and during the action, was that of a man worthy of the command with which you are intruſted; but you impoſe on the world, if you aſſert that I fled from you; and you have very little knowledge of me, if you imagine that I ſhall ever be branded with the ſhame of flying from an enemy of equal force.—Your ſhot having damaged my rigging as much as I am convinced the hull of your ſhip ſuffered from my fire, it was out of my power to gain the windward to renew the action; you could bear down on me for that purpoſe whenever you pleaſed, as your ſails and rigging were in a ſituation vaſtly ſuperior to mine. When I perceived you hauled your wind, I attributed your retreat to the number of men you had loſt; of which I am perſuaded by the ſlackneſs of your fire towards the end of the action. As you know my opinion, I leave you to judge how much I was ſurprized to read in the New-York paper, that you had loſt only ſeven men killed and nine wounded.—I do not follow your example, Sir, I confeſs to have had ten men killed and 37 wounded; two of my officers, with myſelf, are among the latter: You ſee I am not afraid to ſpeak the truth, becauſe I have no reaſon wherewith to reproach myſelf. I ſhall finiſh this letter with an obſervation that muſt occur to every military man.—If you loſt fewer men than I did, and your ſhip was leſs damaged, what reaſon had you not to continue the action? As you ſaw the miſerable condition of my rigging, and the impoſſibility of my manœuvering and of ſteering any other courſe than before the wind, whilſt your ſituation put it in your power to take the advantage of the wind for the purpoſe of retreating. You are either deficient in truth in not acknowledging your loſs, or elſe you wanted ſpirit in declining the combat, when your loſs was ſo trifling, conſidering the advantage you had over me from the good ſucceſs of your ſhot, and you know very well that no American frigate ever appeared in our ſight. I requeſt you to anſwer this argument, and to permit me to ſuſpend my opinion of you until you have ſatisfied me, or that, fortunately, the chance of war ſhould again bring us together, to give us an opportunity of trying our ſkill, which I ſolemnly declare to you I moſt ardently deſire. I wait your anſwer, and am, with thoſe ſentiments with which your firſt conduct inſpired me,

"*Sir, your moſt humble and moſt obedient ſervant.*

(Signed) LA TOUCHE."

——— HAWKER, *Eſq; Captain of the Britiſh frigate the* Iris.

Laſt Saturday arrived at Salem, a prize ſhip from Surinam bound to Quebec, with 360 hogſheads molaſſes, taken by the privateer ſhip ———, Capt. Leach.

Three prizes are arrived at Newbury ſince our laſt, viz. One bound from Scotland to New-York, laden with bale goods, cheeſe, beer, &c. &c. taken by Capt Lowell of Newbury. Another, a brig from Georgia, bound to London, having on board Major Charles Sheriff and lady, taken by Captain Newman in the brig Gates, of Newbury. The other laden with wine, bound to Quebec, ſaid to be taken by the Hibernia.

Yeſterday returned from a cruize the privateer ſhip Tracy, Capt. Hopkins, and brought in with him a prize ſhip, mounting 14 carriage guns, 4 and 6 pounders, and about 50 ſeamen, from Cork, bound to New-York, laden with beef, pork, butter, and ſome bale goods.--Her invoice amounts to 15,000l ſterling. The Tracy mounts 18 carriage guns, 4 and 6 pounders. The prize engaged Capt. Hopkins about 20 minutes, in which time ſhe had 5 men killed, and 8 wounded.---Captain Hopkins had only three men wounded. Captain Hopkins has taken two other prizes, one a ſloop, laden with ſalt, arrived at Newport.

The Hon. Elbridge Gerry, Eſq; arrived here laſt Tueſday evening from Philadelphia. This gentleman's public character and public ſervices on every occaſion, when called out by the exigencies of his country, particularly as a Member of Congreſs, entile him to all the marks of eſteem and reſpect ſhewn on his return to this State.

A few days ago a detachment from the troops under Gen. Wadſworth went up Penobſcot river (having paſſed the fort in whale-boats in the night) and took two ſloops that had been weighing up ſome of the cannon lately belonging to our privateers which were burnt there; they had got eight cannon on board and were coming down the river, little expecting to be conducted by our people; but Capt. Mowat had the mortification to ſee them paſſing down by the fort (out of his reach however) in triumph; they fired at the fort to vex the enemy, and got ſafe away---Mowat followed them to Cambden; but General Wadſworth having drawn up his men and made a breaſtwork, to frighten the enemy, he and his ſhip were obliged to march back again; and we are in full poſſeſſion of the veſſels, which were intended to inveſt our coaſts. General Wadſworth has taken 40 priſoners, including the men who were on board theſe veſſels.

At a legal meeting of the freeholders and other inhabitants of the town of Boſton, at Faneuil-Hall, July 1, 1780.

VOTED, That the Town Clerk notify the inhabitants, in the ſeveral news-papers, that the meeting ſtands adjourned to Thurſday, the 6th day of July inſt at three o'clock afternoon, principally for the purpoſe of receiving the ſubſcriptions for the advance of their taxes, which they will be obliged to pay by the 15th of July current; ſuch of the inhabitants as have not ſubſcribed, who ſhall abſent themſelves from ſaid adjournment, will be conſidered as declining any exertions to aſſiſt the public.

Atteſt. WILLIAM COOPER, Town Clerk.

N. B. It is earneſtly deſired that the ſubſcribers and inhabitants give a general and punctual attendance.----The ſubſcription papers will lie open with Mr. Walley and Mr. Appleton.

PROVIDENCE, *July* 1.

Saturday laſt arrived here from Philadelphia, eſcorted by a party of light horſe, Monſ. DE CORNY, Commiſſary at War, in the ſervice of His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.

The Britiſh frigate Flora, which the enemy ſunk in the harbour of Newport, was on Thurſday laſt raiſed, and got to one of the wharves, in order to be repaired.

We have the pleaſure to obſerve, that the generous encouragement given by this town to recruits for the Continental army is ſuch, that we have every reaſon to believe the town's proportion will be inliſted in a few days. Fifty Silver Dollars Bounty, Forty Shillings per month, and ſundry articles of cloathing, are offered to a few more men, for ſix months ſervice, which being better wages than are to be expected in any other employment, we doubt not but all thoſe who are willing to ſerve their country in a military line will chearfully engage in the ſervice.

NEW-HAVEN, *July* 6.

Laſt week a party of the enemy, conſiſting of 150 horſe and 50 foot, having collected 130 cattle near Sandford, were on their return way-laid by a party under Lieut.

Col. Beeb, who, after exchanging a few shot, routed the enemy, and recovered the cattle. We had one private killed, and an Officer wounded. The enemy's loss not known.

RICHMOND *(in Virginia,) June* 28.

The ship Adventure, Capt. Reeves, of 16 guns and 60 men, in 17 days from St. Croix, with a cargo of rum, sugar, salt, &c. is safe arrived in James River. About 40 leagues east of Cape Hatteras, he fell in with the brig Hammond of 18 guns, and the sloop Randall of 10 guns, two privateers from Bermuda, both which she engaged near three hours within pistol shot, and obliged the Hammond to strike; but being so much disabled in his sails and rigging, and the wind light, he could not get possession of the brig before the sloop towed her off, and got clear. What is something remarkable, Capt. Reeves had not a man hurt during the engagement. Between the Capes he saw 11 sail of privateers, which were in a chain from Cape Henry to Cape Charles, but not one of them attempted to come near him. The brig Gen. Wayne, Capt. Nicholson, and the schooner Grand Tyger, Capt. Smith, parted from him the ninth instant, in latitude 22.

We have the pleasure to inform the public, that Richard Randolph the younger of Curles, George Carter of Shirley, and Robert Bolling of Petersburg, Esqrs; have undertaken, in the present emergency of their country, to raise each a company of volunteer infantry, to serve one year from the time of their joining the army; and that this tender of their services has been accepted by His Excellency the Governor in Council, with an assurance, that the counties in which such men shall be raised shall, during the time of their service, have credit for them on any future service of the Militia. The patriotic example which these gentlemen have had the glory of setting, we doubt not will catch throughout the several counties, and convince our enemy that a people can be never conquered, on whom misfortunes have no other effects than to rouze them to superior exertions.

July 5. We have authentic intelligence, dated June 26, from Cross Creek, in North-Carolina, that Gen. Clinton had sailed from Charlestown some days before, with 5000 men, his destination not known; that a garrison of 800 men are left at Charlestown; that Lord Cornwallis with from 2500 to 4000 men are at Camden, 600 horse two miles above that, under Tarliton, who massacred Col. Buford's party after they had begged quarters; and about 600 men of the 71st regiment at the Cheraw hill, on Pedee, between Long Bluff and Anson Court-house; this last post is about sixty miles from Cross creek, in a south-west direction. Here they are collecting magazines of provisions, the river lands affording grain and forage, and the barren country between that and Cross-creek abounding with cattle, and inhabited by Highland emigrants. General Clinton, previous to his departure, issued a proclamation, discharging from their paroles all who had taken them, and requiring their immediate attendance to swear allegiance and bear arms in favour of his Sovereign, declaring that all who refuse to comply with these reasonable terms, who shall be found in arms hereafter in favour of the rebellion, shall not be treated as soldiers and prisoners of war, but as banditti and robbers.

On the 29th of last month the following vessels of war, viz. The Guadaloupe of 50 guns, the Roebuck of 44, the Delaware, Hancock, Licorne, and two other frigates, passing our Capes from New-York, and discovering a fleet of 22 or 23 tobacco ships just going out, put in after them; in which they were joined by 7 privateers of from 10 to 20 guns, who have for some time infested the Bay. They all however fortunately escaped up James river. On the 2d inst. they had fallen down, and five of the men of war were out of sight from Hampton, the others with the privateers making the best of their way out; the only mischief they did on the north side of James river was, the landing a boat and plundering two families of their bacon and some cattle.

Last evening the men of war came to, a considerable distance below the old fort. Several of the privateers above, and two others, a ship and a brig, opposite thereto, which two, together with those above, were obliged to weigh and hurry down as fast as possible, occasioned by the fire of a 12 and 4 pounder.

Yesterday, being the anniversary of the independence of America, it was celebrated in this town, by a discharge of 13 cannon, &c. from Shockoe hill, in honour of the United States.

In justice to the memory of Capt. Adam Wallace, who fell in the late action at the Wax Saws, in South-Carolina; we think ourselves bound to give the public the following account of his bravery on that unhappy occasion, as it is certified by a number of officers and soldiers in Colonel Buford's regiment, who were eye witnesses to the transaction. When the enemy made the attack, Capt. Wallace was posted on the right; after the exchange of several shot, Col. Buford ordered his men to ground their arms, to which Capt. Wallace so far complied as to cease firing, but instead of meeting with that reception which the feelings of humanity dictates, or that clemency which our conquered foes have ever received at our hands, no quarter was given; on which he ordered his men to sell their lives as dear as possible, he bravely defended himself against a number who assailed him on all sides, he was seen to make several lunges at Col. Tarliton, who commanded the enemy's party; whilst he was thus engaged he received a blow in the back of his neck, which nearly severed his head from his body, and was found dead on the field, with a British officer at his feet; thus was massacred a man whose bravery merits universal applause. Col. Tarliton the next day publickly mentioned his bravery, which he said entitled him to immortal honour.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 19.

Extract of a letter from Freehold (New-Jersey) July 17.

"There remains no longer a doubt about the six large ships that my former letter mentioned to have come to off Long-Island on this day after noon---They are Admiral Graves's fleet; I presume some of them 80 guns, none under 60. I rode down to Shrewsbury yesterday, but the weather was too foggy to make any critical observations. I observe that Arbuthnot had augmented Graves's fleet to 23 ships, 10 of them appear to be 60 and upwards, three of them large frigates. Arbuthnot's ship and others form the west line, immediately to cover the entrance into Sandy-Hook.

"From my own observation, and variety of accounts, I am of opinion that the British now have 18 ships of 40 guns and upwards at New-York, besides small frigates, sloops, cutters, &c. Accounts from New-York, on Saturday, say, Admiral Graves has fallen in with Admiral Terney, and that Graves had lost a 74 gun ship sunk; that Admiral Terney had arrived at Rhode-Island in a shattered condition; that they were exerting themselves amazingly at New-York, to compleat their complement of men on board their ships of war. Every volunteer that will enter on board for this exigency shall be discharged from all duty by land or sea for three years."

Letters from Virginia advise, That the Lower House of Assembly of that State, had voted the ratification of the boundary lines between them and Pennsylvania, as adjusted by the Commissioners from the two States, who met at Baltimore in August last. As there is no reason to believe the Senate of Virginia will refuse their concurrence, we venture to congratulate the public on the prospect of an amicable closure of a debate, which produced anarchy and confusion within the controverted territory, and which weakened the common cause.

Extract of a letter dated Hillsborough, North-Carolina, June 18, 1780, from a gentleman of that town, to his friend in this city.

"Some few days since, Colonels Benjamin Few and Twigs came into this neighbourhood, with the active men of their respective corps, of Georgia militia; they left that State after various efforts to keep it against a large force, and cut their way through South-Carolina. They intend to join the Southern army."

Sunday last arrived at Chester, a flag from Bermuda, with 40 prisoners.

Last Friday night arrived a prize brig from New-Providence, taken by the schooners Antelope and Felicity, of Baltimore, on their passage to St. Eustatia. Her cargo consists of indigo, cotton &c.

A CITY COURT will be held at the Court-House, on Monday, the 24th instant, at ten o'clock in the morning. All public house-keepers in the city, without exception, are to apply by petitions to this Court for recommendations for licences, and none but those who so apply will be recommended. Recommendations to become void, if the licences are not taken out within a month after the Court.

By ORDER of COUNCIL.

THE Agents for the Sales of confiscated estates will attend at the Courthouse on Friday next, to receive the Monies due on the Sales of 21st and 22d June; and the Agents for the City will attend on Wednesday, the 26th, to receive the Monies due on the Sales of 25th June.

IN COUNCIL, *Philadelphia, Thursday, June* 15, 1780.

WHEREAS the regular and punctual collection of the fines for neglect of militia duty, is not only indispensibly necessary to encourage the brave and well affected to turn out in the service of their country, but as a present fund to defray certain unavoidable expences which attend actual service. The several Captains or commanding officers of companies are therefore hereby required, agreeable to law, to make an immediate return of all delinquents on the several muster days, to the Lieutenant Colonels or Commanding officers, who, together with the Lieutenants and Sub-Lieutenants, are directed to proceed immediately to the recovery thereof, as by law directed. *Extract from the Minutes,*

T. MATLACK, *Secretary.*

*** The Members of the American PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are to meet on Friday evening next, at Seven o'clock, at the Library Room in Chestnut-street.

Messieurs HALL & SELLERS,

Please to insert in your Paper the following ELEGY, *written by a young Officer on board the ship* Confederacy, *to the Memory of his Friend, Lieutenant* THOMAS VAUGHAN, *who was unfortunately drowned in the* Delaware Bay, *on his return from* Martinique *to this city. This Gentleman's amiable disposition, and ardent zeal for Liberty, particularly endeared him to his friends, and rendered him respectable to all who knew him.*

An ELEGY.

I.

WHILST pitying parents mourn their absent race,
Perhaps by heaven's decrees in battle slain;
The pensive song a nobler theme shall trace,
And tell mankind a subject they should claim.

II.

The patriot's virtues, with the hero's fire,
Were mixt, and dwelt securely in his breast;
His rising merits bid me strike the lyre,
And sing his name, as number'd with the blest.

III.

Oh VAUGHAN! once lov'd, admir'd, nor yet forgot,
A friend to freedom, constant, firm and brave;
We mourn your absence and lament your lot,
By thousands pitied in the wat'ry grave.

IV.

To endless joys in blest abodes of peace,
From sublunary scenes he took his flight;
The rising waves his willing soul release,
And rais'd triumphant to the realms of light.

V.

His guardian Angels to the tranquil shore,
In solemn pomp their gladsome prize convey;
There to enjoy, when earth and time's no more,
The full fruition of eternal day.

VI.

Lament, ye friends to virtues noble cause,
With me a mourner for the happy dead;
Lament the man who for fair freedom's laws,
Once liv'd, without a sigh from mortals fled.

VII.

Oh Delaware, may ne'er thy boistrous stream,
With swelling surges from a troubled main;
O'erset the bark, sad subject of the theme,
Nor let a wat'ry tomb the brave contain.

VIII.

'Tis done! the potent hand of death o'ercomes,
The yet lov'd hero sleeps but to arise;
At that dread sound when millions in the tombs,
From dust with him shall mount the distant skies.

IX.

Thus musing in the melancholy shade,
The rank-reed rustling to the whistling wind;
We mourn the brave, who nature's debt has paid,
Whilst fresh his memory rushes on the mind.

AMICUS.

WANTED,

AN HOSTLER, that will undertake the Care of twenty Horses. None need apply but such as can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers.

WILLIAM ADCOCK,

At the south-east corner of Second and Market-streets, has for Sale,

A FEW Pieces of second cloths, black serge denims, cambricks, lawns, book and other muslins of the finest qualities, India dimities, persians, Scots and coloured threads, superfine white cassimer, womens stuff shoes by trunk or dozen, &c. &c. Also a few casks of vinegar.

N. B. Said Adcock receives goods to sell on commission. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A STOUT able bodied HORSE, 5 years old last May, suitable for riding or draught; he is not sold for any fault, but for want of employ, as the subscriber has lately removed to Philadelphia. The horse may be seen on Sellers's farm, in Upper Darby, Chester county, and the terms known, by applying at the said place, or to the subscriber, in Sixth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, Philadelphia.

¶ DAVID SELLERS.

WANTED on LOAN,

THE sum of SIXTY THOUSAND CONTINENTAL DOLLARS, for three months, for which a good premium will be given, and double security in goods depositied. Enquire of the Printers.

By his Excellency THOMAS SIM LEE, *Esquire, Governor of Maryland*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS information hath been given to me, that on the night of the 27th of last month, the *Grist-Mill, Saw-Mill,* and *Fulling-Mill,* late the property of Colonel *Isaac Perkins* of Kent county, were burnt down, and that there is great reason to suspect the said mills were maliciously set on fire by some abandoned persons:---For the discovery of, and bringing to condign punishment, the perpetrators of such an attrocious crime,—I do hereby promise a PARDON to any person concerned in burning or setting fire to the said mills (provided he or she be not the principal) who shall first make discovery to a Magistrate of the Principal, and his or her accomplice or accomplices in the said crime.

GIVEN at Annapolis, this fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

THOMAS S. LEE.

By his Excellency's Command,
T. JOHNSON, *jun. Secr'y.*

GOD SAVE the STATE.

Five Thousand Dollars Reward.

WILL be given by the subscriber to any person (the principal concerned excepted) that shall first discover to a Magistrate of Kent county, the principal, and his or her accomplices, concerned in burning or setting fire to my MILLS on the night of the 27th of last month, so that he, she or they be prosecuted to conviction.

ISAAC PERKINS.

N. B. A MILLWRIGHT, that can come well recommended, is wanted immediately, to re-build said Mills.

July 8, 1780. † I. P.

Three Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Montgomery township, Philadelphia county, on the 12th of July, 1780, An Apprentice Boy, named JOSEPH COLLINS (though he may call himself Morgan) about 14 years of age, well set, fair complexion, sandy hair, had several warts on the back of his hands, slow motioned, and has an aukward look: Had on when he went away, a homespun shirt, brown striped linen breeches, and an old hat. Whoever secures said Collins, so as his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, or if brought home, *Four Hundred Dollars,* and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN MORGAN.

All Masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, and all others not to harbour, conceal or detain him, at their peril. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in Crosvicks, four miles from Bordentown, quantity 226 acres, now in the tenure of William Willson.

Also a very valuable PLANTATION in the township of Waterford, eleven miles from Cooper's Ferry, quantity 440 acres, now in the tenure of Benjamin Pine. A view of the premises will give the best idea of the quality of the land, and of the improvements. For terms apply to the subscriber, in Burlington.

GEORGE BOWNE.

July 10, 1780.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at the Crooked Billet, Philadelphia county, on the 4th of this inst. July, a bright bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, supposed to be 12 years old. Also a bay MARE, 3 years old, near 14 hands high, supposed to have strayed from Philadelphia. The owners proving their property, and paying charges, may have them again.

† BENJAMIN THOMAS.

DESERTED from my Quarters, at Mr. Jonathan Penrose's, in Front-street, Philadelphia, on the 14th inst. A certain JOHN WILLSON, a soldier in my regiment: He is better than six feet high, has black short hair, is somewhat lame, and is a native of Ireland. He had on when he went away, only a white blanket jacket and a pair of blue overalls, having left his uniform behind. At the same time, he stole one of my waggon Horses, a bright sorrel, about 14 hands high, switch tail, a bald face, and branded C A on the near shoulder. Whoever takes up and secures said deserter and horse, so that I may have them again, shall receive ONE HALF JOHANNES, or the value thereof at the current exchange.

FRANCIS JOHNSTON,
Colonel 5th P. Regiment.

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, An Apprentice Lad, named JOHN HALL, proved to be on board the ship Jay, Captain Coarter, Commander. Whoever secures said apprentice, and returns him to his master, shall be entitled to the above reward, paid by

§ ISAAC FORSYTH.

Eaſton, June 22, 1780.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of General Aſſembly of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, paſſed the third day of April, 1779, intituled, "An Act to raiſe Supplies for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine," the following tracts of land have been duly valued and rated by the Aſſeſſors for the county of Northampton: We the Commiſſioners for ſaid county, do hereby give notice that the day of appeal will be on the 24th of July next; and unleſs the tax is paid on or before the 20th of September next, the ſaid lands or ſuch part thereof as will be ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the non-payment thereof, will be expoſed to ſale to the higheſt bidder. Given under our hands the 22d of June, 1780, HENRY BARNET, HENRY ENGEL, NICHOLAS FOX, Commiſſioners.

	Acres of Land.	Rate. £	Tax. £	s.	d.
In MOUNT-BETHEL Townſhip.					
Henry Burts	50	100	3	6	8
Benjamin Carty,	100	200	6	13	4
Alexander Brown,	360	980	32	13	4
Robert Dunn,	200	400	13	6	8
David Owen,	100	200	6	13	4
Alexander M'Ilroy,	277	260	8	13	4
William Jones,	68	60	2	0	0
William Williams,	27	40	1	6	8
John Lukens	200	600	20	0	0
John Lowry and Comp.	80	120	4	0	0
Jacob Frauenfelder,	25	15	0	10	0
Amos Stretell,	400	2400	80	0	0
------- Bratfield,	100	100	3	6	8
In WHITEHALL Townſhip.					
John Lardner,	700	4200	140	0	0
Samuel Morris,	600	5490	180	0	0
In SALISBURY Townſhip.					
Iſaac Greenleaſe,	200	1400	46	13	4
In PENN Townſhip,					
Jacob Freybelbeeſe,	150	220	7	6	8
Jacob Mawns,	200	250	8	6	8
Philip Moſer,	100	175	5	16	8
Burghart Moſer,	150	200	6	13	4
Ditto,	100	125	4	3	4
Martin Swap,	150	100	3	6	8
Peter Shull,	70	85	2	16	8
Jacob Meaſe,	200	150	5	0	0
Peter Kyſer,	200	350	11	13	4
Thomas Parvine,	200	300	10	0	0
Valentine Probet,	150	200	6	13	4
Henry Reſelderfer,	100	125	4	3	4
Jacob Kenig,	200	200	6	13	4
Jacob Meaſe,	200	150	5	0	0
Arnold Bilig,	150	100	3	6	8
Andrew Ohl,	100	125	4	3	4
John Liſer,	150	150	5	0	0
Arnold Bilig,	50	70	2	6	8
Ditto,	100	100	3	6	8
John Delong,	280	330	11	0	0
Joſeph Gerber,	100	100	3	6	8
William Green,	100	125	4	3	4
Jacob Barel,	100	100	3	6	8
John Myer,	50	95	3	3	4
Bernhart Fulleweiler,	150	100	3	6	8
Thomas Brumfield,	300	300	10	0	0
William Logan,	400	700	23	6	8
Michael Ohl,	150	150	5	0	0
In TOWAMENSING Townſhip.					
John Bolliet,	320	670	22	6	8
William Kern,	60	70	2	6	8
Chriſtian Hoffman,	300	450	15	0	0
Abraham Smith,	300	450	15	0	0
John Bare,	100	150	5	0	0
Ulrich Shoewalter,	100	150	5	0	0
John Shymer,	100	150	5	0	0
Magdalena Deeder,	150	220	7	6	8
Mark Thompſon, one third of a ſaw-mill, and	5	110	3	13	4
Hugh Hughes, one third of do. &	5	110	3	13	4
Moſes Fravel,	250	310	10	6	8
Godfrey Greenſweig,	300	450	15	0	0
In ALLEN Townſhip.					
Sarah Wiſter,	500	4000	133	6	8
In BETHLEHEM Townſhip.					
Thomas Graham,	181	1630	54	6	8
Sarah Wiſter,	500	4500	150	0	0
William Bingham,	500	4500	150	0	0
Charles Stedman,	100	800	26	13	4
In FORKS Townſhip.					
Thomas Potts,	50	400	13	6	8
In PLAINFIELD Townſhip.					
John Hutchiſon,	70	150	5	0	0
Widow Sleidhorn,	300	900	30	0	0
Joſeph Fox,	60	150	5	0	0
John Young,	50	60	2	0	0
Andrew Kline,	30	50	1	13	4
Jacob Biddle,	100	150	5	0	0
John George Buhn,	300	900	30	0	0
Frederick Hubler,	25	50	1	13	4
Chriſtian Fry,	40	60	2	0	0
John Okely,	200	500	16	13	4
Jacob Leſh,	50	90	3	0	0
Goglieb Hubler,	25	50	1	13	4
James Kelly,	50	120	4	0	0
In CHESNUTHILL Townſhip.					
David Kennedy,	90	100	3	6	8
Peter Dehaven,	90	100	3	6	8
Joſeph Biddle,	600	1000	33	6	8
Joſeph Rowlings,	250	300	10	0	0
Samuel Rowlings,	200	240	8	0	0
William Paul,	100	150	5	0	0
Thomas James,	235	360	12	0	0
Edward Shymer,	136	280	9	6	8
Thomas Craig,	360	360	12	0	0
Benjamin Tomkins,	500	200	6	13	4
Matthias Buſh,	150	220	7	6	8
In HAMILTON Townſhip.					
James Eſton,	400	500	16	13	4
In LOWER SMITHFIELD Townſhip.					
Lewis Gordon,	200	150	5	0	0
William Logan,	300	225	7	10	0
John Okely,	170	127	4	4	8
Mifflin and Irwin,	180	242	8	1	4
Charles Moore,	150	112	3	14	8
Abraham Van Campen,	100	75	2	10	0
John Seely,	200	150	5	0	0
Paul Kerper,	300	337	11	4	8
James Morgan & Joſeph Morris,	200	150	5	0	0
James Morgan,	400	300	10	0	0
Ditto,	280	220	7	6	8
Samuel Powel & Joſeph Morris,	1500	1110	37	0	0
Benijah Munday,	50	56	1	16	4
James Hays,	400	300	10	0	0
Ditto,	300	210	7	0	0
Daniel Broadhead,	100	225	7	10	0

Eight Hundred Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, in the night between the 9th and 10th of July inſtant, A certain perſon, who had engaged as a Pennſylvania Volunteer for the 8th Company of the 4th Battalion of the county of Bucks, by the name of HUGH M'DONALD, about 5 feet 10 inches high, pock-marked, black hair, a ſturdy well built fellow; he will be likely to make a pretty genteel appearance, as he has received a large bounty, and robbed Edward Broker and Alexander Hill, both volunteers, of near 3000 dollars. Whoever apprehends the above deſcribed M'Donald, and ſecures him in any place of cloſe confinement, ſo that the ſubſcriber may bring him to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward. JAMES LEDDIN.

N. B. All Maſters of veſſels are forbid taking him away. *

Four Hundred Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN off the commons of Philadelphia, on Sunday the 4th of June laſt, a black MARE, 15 hands high, 6 years old, a natural pacer, branded on the near ſhoulder and off buttock with a three barred ſtirrup iron, a wen on her right thigh, and a ſaddle mark about the breadth of a dollar, had ſore eyes when miſſed. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, if ſtolen, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and for the mare only, TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, at the Bettering-houſe, Philadelphia.

¶ JACOB PARKER, A. C. G. H.

STRAYED away in the night of the 2d inſtant, out of the paſture of John Springer, in Doman's townſhip, Philadelphia county, a cheſtnut MARE, about 15 hands high, 5 years old, has no brand mark, and paces. Alſo a brown HORSE, 4 years old, paces, is about 14 hands high, has a ſtar in his forehead, and a ſnip on the noſe, no brand mark, has the ring-bone on his hind feet, and both creatures are pretty much marked with the collar. Whoever takes up ſaid creatures, and brings them to MICHAEL ZIEGLER, in Skippack, or to the ſubſcriber, living in Colebrookdale townſhip, Berks county, ſhall have FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS reward for both, or TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶

July 12, 1780. JOHN BUCKWALTER.

WAS ſtopt by the ſubſcriber, living in Flower town, near Whitemarſh, Philadelphia county, the 20th day of May laſt, a ſmall bay MARE, cat hammed, age unknown, and a two year old heifer, then in the poſſeſſion of Benjamin Gilbert, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. The owner or owners are hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

PEACOCK MAJOR.

N. B. The ſaid Gilbert was ſeen the 14th day of May with a likely grey horſe, well ſhod, alſo ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen, and perhaps exchanged for the above deſcribed mare and heifer. ¶

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from Cheſter, on Thurſday night, the 6th of July, A ſmall Black HORSE, about 13½ hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, marked IA on the nigh ſhoulder, his near hind leg broke above the paſtern; the ſkin is off under the hind part of the ſaddle about the breadth of a copper, marked on the off ſhoulder G:R not very plain, in the inſide of his nigh thigh is a muſket ball. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe five miles from Cheſter ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges; or for horſe and thief 300 Dollars, if brought to juſtice, paid by me, ‖ JOHN M'CANN.

WANTED to HIRE by the Quarter,

and to be entered upon immediately,

A GENTEEL HOUSE and GARDEN, about two or three miles from town, with a ſtable for two horſes, cow-houſe, and a lot of ground adjacent to it. Any perſon having ſuch a place, will meet with encouragement, by applying to the Printers. ¶

Philadelphia, July 4th.

Princeton, June 29, 1780.

To be SOLD, at Private Sale,

A Valuable PLANTATION, ſituate within one quarter of a mile of Princeton, Middleſex county, Eaſt New-Jerſey, 42 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining the great road leading to Trenton, containing above 300 acres of excellent good land, 100 acres thereof is good woodland, 20 acres of meadow, and as much more may be made with very little trouble, a never failing ſtream of water runs through the centre of the place. On the plantation is a well finiſhed large ſtone dwelling-houſe, fit for any family, likewiſe a large barn, and an exceeding good ſtable, that will hold 20 horſes, with other out-houſes; alſo a large garden. A clear and indiſputable title for the whole will be given. For further particulars and terms, apply to James Fiſher, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia, or to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes. ¶ ALEXANDER M'DONALD.

STOLEN out of the paſture of Joſeph Darlington, near Brandywine Meeting, in Weſt Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 17th inſtant June, a likely brown MARE, heavy eared, the off eye diſfigured by cutting her for the hooks, ſhort tail, ſhod before, paces and trots, is in very good order, about 14 hands 3 inches high, and has a little white ſpot behind one of her ears. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may get his mare and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall receive FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward, or for the mare only THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges paid, if brought home to the above place, by JOHN WARD. ¶

Huntingtown townſhip, York county, June 24, 1780.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber did, on the 14th of April, 1778, give his bond to Henry Werſtler, of ſaid townſhip, for Ninety-five Pounds, payable on the 14th of April laſt, and a ſhort time after it became due paid the full contents thereof to the ſaid Werſtler, which he received before ſeveral witneſſes, but afterwards refuſed to give up the bond: Theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of ſaid bond, as I am determined not to anſwer the ſame a ſecond time.

† HENRY ZIEGLER.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Warrington townſhip, York county, State of Pennſylvania, on the 20th of May laſt, A Black MARE, four years old, 14 hands high, ſome white on the near hind foot, no brand diſcernable. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ DAVID JORDAN.

TO be SOLD,

A LOT in Vine ſtreet, containing in breadth eaſt and weſt, 22 feet, and in depth 96 feet, to Holmes's Alley, with the privilege of ſaid Alley. For terms apply to RICHARD FOOTMAN, or WILLIAM DELAP.

PARCHMENT,

Made and Sold by

ROBERT WOOD,

IN Fifth-ſtreet, near the New Jail, Philadelphia; where Conveyancers, Stationers, Store-keepers or others, may be ſupplied in large or ſmall quantities. *6w.

Six Hundred Dollars Reward.

Gwined townſhip, Philadelphia county, May 31.

WAS Stolen, on the night of the 24th of April laſt, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, A black MARE, about 14 hands high, about 7 years old, high courage, and carries lofty, ſhe turns her fore feet remarkably out, trots and paces. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief ſhall have the above reward, or Three Hundred Dollars for the mare only, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by

† JACOB SMITH.

To be SOLD by private ſale, or exchanged for a convenient HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, on the ſouth ſide of Chriſtiana river, oppoſite to and within half a mile of the borough of Wilmington, containing 50 acres of good drained marſh meadow, and about 5 acres of upland adjoining thereto; the upland is high, and having a ſpring of good water, is an agreeable ſituation to build on; the whole fit for grazing or an extraordinary dairy. There is alſo to be ſold a leaſe for ſix years, of 18 acres of marſh meadow, adjoining the ſaid premiſes, the banks of the whole are in good repair, and the allotment of bank which belongs to ſaid marſh is well ſtoned, ſo that a ſmall expence will ſupport the ſame. For terms inquire of CHAMLESS ALLEN, merchant, Philadelphia, or JOSEPH WARNER, in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, on Delaware.

N. B. Said Warner has alſo about 30 head of horned cattle, and three valuable horſes to diſpoſe of. ¶ 6 w.

ONE Hundred Dozen of Graſs and Cradling SCYTHES and SICKLES is now finiſhing for the enſuing harveſt, will be Sold wholeſale and retail, warranted or unwarranted good.

Made by THOMAS GOUCHER, Scythe and Sickle-maker, at the ſign of the Scythe and Sickle, next door to the ſign of the Black-Horſe Tavern in Market-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth ſtreets, Philadelphia.

N. B. A young ſtout NEGROE to be ſold, has had the ſmall-pox. Enquire as above. * 6 w.

One GUINEA Reward.

WAS loſt in this City, a Gold LOCKET, ſet with garnets on one ſide, on the other the cypher CNG in hair. Whoever has found the ſame and will deliver it to the Printers hereof, ſhall be paid the above reward. All Goldſmiths and others, to whom it may be offered for ſale, are deſired to ſtop it.

June 6, 1780.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

STOLEN, on Friday evening laſt, from the Falls of Schuylkill, a ſtrawberry roan MARE, about 15 hands high, paces and trots, 7 or 8 years old; had on a large quilted ſaddle, with a green cloth, and a ſnaffle bridle. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare and thief ſhall have the above reward, or One Hundred Dollars for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN VANDEREN. ¶

May 29, 1780.

WAS taken up by the ſubſcriber, in the borough of Cheſter, about ten days ago, A ſmall bay HORSE, about 12½ hands high, ſhod all round, both paces and trots, neither brand nor ear-mark perceivable. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶ EDWARD VERNON.

WANTED,

LABOURERS,

TO be employed by the month at Mud-Iſland, in the river Delaware, to whom proper encouragement will be given—and when the embargo is taken off, ſuch as deſire it will be diſcharged. Apply to the ſubſcriber at the widow Parry's, north weſt corner of Market and Sixth-ſtreets,

June 23. WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.

STRAYED from Mrs. Moore's, in North-Alley, near the White Bear, on Monday, the 26th inſt. A Cheſnut HORSE, 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder P with a C underneath, has a Roman noſe, paces, trots, and canters: Alſo a Bay HORSE, 14 hands high, a natural pacer, has ſome white ſaddle marks on his back, and a very ſhort tail. Whoever will bring ſaid horſes to Mr. James Davidſon, at the College, ſhall have TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES DAVIDSON.

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